

# TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

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## DECENCY CHALLENGED.

NOTHING more outrageous has ever occurred than the statements credited to William D. Haywood, head of the I. W. W. which has been condemned as the ally of sedition and the enemy of order and business organization. The expediency of printing such statements by irresponsible papers demonstrates the necessity for a censorship that will prevent unprincipled publishers from circulating such seditious sentiments. The head of the I. W. W. head openly proclaims the object of the order is institution of a "rough neck" government which will override every sense of honor and decency with the intention of riding the world of the industrial class which is willing to earn its bread by labor with a due regard for economic conditions as established by centuries of government. Every word breathes anarchy, every sentence is an appeal to lawlessness and those who sanction the sentiments by giving them publicity are as much to blame as the author who declares: "Ours is a rough neck gang. When all our crowd gets this thing straight in our minds we will be in a position to dictate terms to every industry in the world. How? By folding our arms and completely stopping all work until our terms are met. The only right solution of life is to bring everybody down to our basis of living."

## CONTRACT GRAFTING.

THIS subject is taking up much time in Congress. The opinion that there is some distinct graft attached to the non-salaried commissions organized for the purpose of purchasing war supplies is occupying more space daily in the papers and the business of Congress seems to have been diverted to the consideration of hints or suggestions of crookedness in high places. The English have some experience in that direction. They term the method of extorting money through influence by the name of "profiteering" a name that is applied indiscriminately to two distinct processes: first, making money in a favorable market for which the seller is not responsible; second, manipulating the market and artificially raising prices in order to make money. The latter is the cause of high prices, the former a consequence. There is a third sense given to the word by the public in the capacity of buyers; whenever a storekeeper charges any price that is higher than they expect or care to pay they call it "profiteering," though he may be losing money. It is a way of expressing annoyance, and swells the general knowledge of irritation, but has no other importance. The confusion between the other two meanings is serious. The speakers and writers who daily denounce "profiteering" constantly mix them up and it is useless to expect anything else of them. But when the government sets out avowedly to stop "profiteering" they should know exactly what they are aiming at for which a clear conception of the meaning of the word is necessary. The distinction formulated above in note merely verbal; it entails moral, legal and practical differences. The second sort of "profiteering" is criminal; it can be peremptorily stopped and heavily punished without doing any harm at all. The first is not criminal and interference is apt to entail serious consequences of drying up supplies. No one with a clear understanding of conditions can ask that there be no interference at all but this interference should be ordained only after the matter has been fully analyzed and the facts placed properly before the producers who are seeking to secure a share of the government contracts. The ten per cent profit system adopted with the steelmakers appears to combine the happiest conditions for then each side knows exactly what to expect and what obligations to assume.

## DISSEMINATING DRAFT NEWS.

THE regulations of the draft are somewhat obscured by the eleventh hour orders of the provost marshal who declares that the press associations will be relied upon to carry the news of the numbers drawn in the great lottery which is scheduled for this morning. This is a false economy since it throws an onerous responsibility on the newspapers which can not afford to carry the numbers chosen from their counties if they have to pay special tolls for the service originating at Washington. For instance in the case of Nye county the total number of registrations number 870 names from which not less than seven score names must be drawn to insure securing the proper quota after allowing for the maximum exemptions. These numbers will range from one to three figures in each case. Then these figures have to be compared with the registrations at the courthouse and the names compiled before it is known which are drawn for service. To cover the entire state of Nevada would involve receiving the paying for the transmission of at least 3000 names or their corresponding numbers after which the individuals would have to be ascertained through inquiry at the several county seats involving more telegraph or telephone tolls. This is unfair. The newspapers of the country have done far more than their share of gratuitous advertising for the government. They have done this cheerfully and without asking or expecting any return. They boosted the Liberty Loan issue to an extent that is credited with giving the government the benefit of not less than half a billion dollars worth of space for which there was no monetary return. The newspapers have carried freely and generously every detail of the drafting system with the idea of disseminating information of more value to the government than to the local publishers. In return for this liberality they have been threatened with additional taxes on their mailing and advertising lists which were the only branches of any legitimate industry singled out for special taxes. It is another case of riding a free horse to death. The war taxes on publishers are the same as on other lines of business and the special tax on advertising and the restriction of second class mail rates are in the line of super-taxes for which there is no justification. A nation like the United States which boasts that it is the richest nation in the world has no right to impose unreasonable burdens on publishers by compelling them to incur extraordinary expenses for the sole purpose of circulating facts about the conscription. Every other branch of industry is paid handsomely for the work done in building up the new national army and no reason exists for asking the newspaper people to help build the army without receiving a return for the service. The government does not

ask coal barons, steel magnates, owners of iron works capitalized in the billions to make any sacrifices. Thus the question is prompted why should the poor publisher be forced to assume the task of compiling returns that are as essential to the organization of the military branch of the government as any other division of the service. The least the government could do would be to defray the telegraph tolls and leave it to the judgment of the publisher to decide about the expediency of devoting his space to printing the list.

Leadville miners will have the sympathy of the western comrades in their strike when it is known that the minimum wage in that rich camp is \$2.75 a day. Working conditions in Leadville are not of the best and the demands include a change in that respect also. There was a time when Leadville divided honors with Virginia City as the home of the best miners in the country but that this has long since passed into the beyond. First class miners cannot afford to starve at an altitude of 10,000 feet where living costs are as high as the famous old landmark of Mount Massive itself.

Unless some steps are taken to speed up Congress the new crop will be harvested and in the hands of consumers before any laws are enacted for controlling the middlemen who seem responsible for the high war prices before there was any thought of war.

Uncle Sam seems perfectly content to leave the I. W. W. question to the citizens of Arizona since it has been decided that there is to be no investigation or effort to restore the deported anarchists to their former homes.

Maryland has found a way to cure the evil of slackers by registering those who are physically capable of laboring and putting them to work where they will take the places of patriots called to the front.

The action of Justice Brandeis in granting an appeal to Emma Goldman and Alexander Berkman will lead many to believe there was good reason for the strong opposition to the confirmation of his appointment to the highest court in the United States.

It is not a bit strange that the country which put germ in Germany should resort to germ inoculation in peaceful communities where there is no excuse under the laws of war for conducting reprisals.

It is an old adage that if you scratch a Russian you will find a Tartar so it is apparent from recent developments that when you scotch an I. W. W. snake you kill the serpent of sedition.

One of the best human interest articles written on the "Old Swimmer" Hole" appears in today's Bonanza from the pen of a very clever local writer who prefers to be known under the nom de plume of Jean La Salle.

Reading a head line in last night's Bonanza a Tonopah citizen offered an amendment to make it read "Foolish Pardon for Women" instead of "Foolish Women Pardoned". And the speaker was a Democrat at that.

Moscow as the seat of the Russian government, presents more advantages than Petrograd which has always been a center of German influence. Moscow is the real heart of Russia.

Compared with last year the mines of Tonopah are netting their stockholders at least \$2,000,000 a year more than they did in 1916 when silver was hanging around the doldrums of 60 cents an ounce.

## NEW HIGH MARK IS STRUCK BY SILVER

Many of the leading mine operators of the state noted with gratification the current quotation on silver, 81 1/4 cents, the highest price in twenty-eight years. Three days ago the white metal went to 80 1/4 cents and then slipped a point or two, says the Salt Lake Tribune.

The significance of this figure for silver can be readily understood when it is taken into consideration that, according to the official government figure compiled by Victor C. Heikes of the United States geological survey, the production of silver in Utah for the year 1916 reached a total of 12,253,937 ounces, with every reasonable certainty that the 1917 production will be in excess of this figure, because the constantly advancing price has led to the opening of many new properties and the greatest development of many of the lead-silver producers, particularly in the Tintic district.

Before the opening of the war

silver's price was under 60 cents; it has risen steadily from month to month, although there have been some slips in the market. It is easy to compute that, should the price be maintained, the benefit the producers will derive is to be computed at nearly \$4,000,000 even admitting that the production of three years ago was up to the 1916 standard, which was by no means the case.

## MANY MOUNTAIN SHEEP IN CLARK COUNTY

State game warden C. W. Grover has returned to Carson from an extended trip to the southern part of the state. On his trip he conferred with the different boards of county commissioners in regard to the game and fish laws. He stated that in many of the counties the commissioners are closing the season on sagehen and quail. In Clark county he says, quail are very numerous and in the Muddy range of mountains, also in Clark county, mountain sheep are so plentiful that they can be seen travelling in larger bands than the domestic animals. As the state laws he says, protect mountain sheep, these animals in that section are increasing very rapidly and sometimes do considerable damage to growing crops on the different ranches adjacent to the Muddy mountains.—Elko Independent.

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# STANDING OF MAJOR NINES

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, July 20.—That well balanced and even baseball play points the way to the pennant has again been demonstrated by the figures compiled from the various averages and records available at the halfway mark in the present big league contests. When the turning mark was reached on July 7 neither leading club in the National and American Leagues was among the first three in total number of runs or hits made but this mark of a finished offensive was more than counterbalanced by the strong defensive game played by the league leaders.

In the National League the Chicago Club was first in runs with Cincinnati second and Philadelphia third. Chicago was second in total number of hits reversing places with Cincinnati in this respect, while St. Louis was third. This strong offense of the two Western clubs was offset, however, by weakness in defense. Chicago was first in error making; had more runners left on bases than any other senior league club and third in total number of runs made by opponents. Cincinnati was second in errors; second in left on bases and more runs had been scored against the team than any other club in the league. Pittsburgh, in last place, had made the third largest number of errors and had next to the largest number of runs scored against by opponents. Boston was third in left on bases.

The compilations showed a more complicated situation in the American League. Boston, the leading team on that date, was second in runs scored but in other respects was playing close, careful but not particularly brilliant baseball. The Chicago White Sox, right on Boston's heels, lead in greatest number of runs but strange to say had the third largest number of runners stranded. Detroit was third in run-making; second in hitting, while St. Louis led in the greatest number of safe drives registered with Cleveland third. St. Louis spoiled her hitting record by piling up the greatest number of errors with Cleveland second and Washington third. Cleveland had more runners left on bases than any other teams in the American League with New York second and Chicago third. The New York Club was in third place notwithstanding that the opposing teams had more runs against the Gothamites than any one of the other seven combinations. St. Louis and Philadelphia, the two tailenders on July 7 were second and third respectively in this department of the records.

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Get your bread directly from your baker and your bill will be only a very little one. Just now we have a first-class pastry man, who can supply you with all kinds of pastries on very short notice.

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The Ford Motor Company, of Detroit, appointed us authorized agents for Ford cars in this territory, to properly represent Ford interests, to give service to Ford owners. The Company in return demands that we equip and maintain an adequate service station, employing competent Ford mechanics, using only genuine Ford-made materials and charging regular Ford prices.

This is the service we are giving to Ford owners. Material—workmanship—prices, the standard of each guaranteed.

When your Ford car needs attention, bring it to us, and get the benefit of expert Ford mechanics. We give you the assurance of genuine Ford service, with genuine Ford-made parts.

Ford cars—Runabout \$345; Touring Car \$380; Coupelet \$405; Town Car \$595; Sedan \$645; all f. o. b. Detroit.

## TONOPAH AUTO SUPPLY CO.

Tonopah, Nevada

Detroit	72	279	595	111
Washington	72	240	554	121
St. Louis	76	260	612	143
Philadelphia	69	225	548	102

## ELY HOLD-UP MEN ROB JAPANESE CAMP

The Japanese camp on the Nevada Northern railway between East Ely and McGill was held up on Wednesday evening by two men. Sixty dollars in money and a gold watch was taken from the Japanese, but no report of the robbery was made to the sheriff's office until the following morning when Deputy Sheriff Jackson and Fred Brown left in the county car for the scene of hold-up. They were unable to get any trace of the robbers owing to meagre descriptions given by the Japanese who undoubtedly were badly frightened. One of the bandits was tall and the other short, they claim. There were five men in the camp when the robbers swooped down upon them. Two were in the pump house and these were securely tied before the camp was searched.

For Associated Press News read the Bonanza

## THE TONOPAH BANKING CORPORATION

The Liberty Bond is Uncle Sam's Promise to Pay and He is Worth \$250,000,000,000

Directors: H. C. Brougher Hugh H. Brown W. Brougher  
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## FRESH MEATS

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TONOPAH-GOLDFIELD MEAT COMPANY

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Thurs. and Sat. 15 Days.	SALE DAYS, Limited	Mon., Thurs. & Sat. 90 Days.
\$30.75	San Diego	\$37.00
27.75	Los Angeles	33.25
39.25	San Francisco	47.00

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 From Los Angeles to San Diego or San Francisco by boat is a delightful trip. Music, dancing. Fares includes berth and meals. For further particulars, call or write  
 R. J. Highland, Gen. Agt. Tonopah, Nevada  
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## TONOPAH & TIDEWATER R.R. CO.

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GOLDFIELD TO LOS ANGELES AND RETURN	\$27.75
GOLDFIELD TO SAN FRANCISCO AND RETURN	\$44.00
Via Los Angeles	
GOLDFIELD TO SAN DIEGO AND RETURN	\$31.00
GOLDFIELD TO LONG BEACH AND RETURN	\$28.00
GOLDFIELD TO SANTA BARBARA AND RETURN	\$31.75
Via Los Angeles	

Sale Dates May 3rd and Every Thursday and Saturday  
 LIMIT 15 DAYS.  
 Electric Lighted, Electric Cooled Pullman  
 Beatty to Los Angeles.  
 See ASPLAND  
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## Outfit for the Hills

PICKS, SHOVELS, DRILL STEEL, POWDER, CAPS,  
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 NER OF COOKING UTENSILS, FORGES, MOR-  
 TARS AND PESTLES, GOLD PANS, ETC.

## TONOPAH HARDWARE CO.

## Nevada First National Bank of Tonopah

CAPITAL, \$100,000

## TONOPAH CLUB

The Most up-to-date house in town  
 OPP THE POSTOFFICE  
 Everything strictly first-class  
 Nick Ableman and J. C. McKay, Prop's.

## THE BANK BUFFET

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 AN ATMOSPHERE OF CONGENIALITY AND GOOD FELLOWSHIP

WALTER DRYSDALE, Proprietor